

**SSC stands for staff selection commission combined graduate level,I,II,III written test examination model question papers with solutions,SSC general awareness and current affairs multiple choice questions with answers, SSC General english,aptitude,analytical,generalawareness,general intelligence, numerical ability, reasoning question with answers,SSC model examination paper,SSC previous years question papers with solutions**

**SSC general awareness and current affairs questions and answers**

**1. Design of the National Flag was adopted by the constituent Assembly of India in-**

- (a) July, 1948
- (b) July, 1950
- (c) July, 1947 -Ans
- (d) Aug., 1947

**2. Who among the following was the chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Indian constitution ?**

- (a) Rajendra Prasad
- (b) Tej Bahadur Sapru
- (c) C. Rajgopalachari
- (d) **B. R. Ambedkar-Ans**

**3. What is the special constitutional position of Jammu and Kashmir ?**

- (a) Indian laws are not applicable
- (b) **It has its own constitution-Ans**
- (c) It is not one of the integral part of India
- (d) k is above Indian constitution

**4. The Indian constitution closely follows the constitutional system of -**

- (a) USA
- (b) **U. K.-Ans**
- (c) Switzerland
- (d) Russia

**5. In a parliamentary form of government, real powers of the state are vested in the-**

- (a) **council of ministers -Ans**
- (b) President
- (c) Government
- (d) Parliament

**6. The Directive Principles of state policy included in the constitution of India have been inspired by constitution of-**

- (a) **U. S. A. -Ans**
- (b) Ireland

- (c) Canada
- (d) Australia

7. What is the minimum permissible age for employment In any factory or mine ?

- (a) 12 years
- (b) 14 years -Ans**
- (c) 16 years
- (d) 18 years

8. Total number of members in a legislative council should not exceed that of a Legislative Assembly by-

9. Who is a highest Law Officer of a state ?

- (a) Attorney General
- (b) Advocate General-Ans**
- (c) Solicitor General
- (d) Secretary General

10. Which of the following is also called the "house of elders"?

- (a) Rajya Sabha -Ans**
- (b) Lok Sabha
- (c) Gram Sabha
- (d) Vidhan Sabha

11. Members of the Union Public Service Commission function

- (a) 60 years
- (b) 58 years
- (c) 62 years
- (d) 65 years-Ans**

12. The first no confidence motion moved in the Lok Sabha After independence was in the year-

- (a) 1954
- (b) 1960
- (c) 1963 -Ans**
- (d) 1975

13. The Legislative Council in a state can be created or disbanded by the-

- (a) State Legislative alone -Ans**
- (b) Parliament alone
- (c) Parliament on recommendation of the state legislative
- (d) President on recommendation of the Governor

14. The Union Territories get representation in-

- (a) Lok Sabha
- (b) Rajya Sabha
- (c) Both houses of Parliament -Ans**
- (d) None of these

15 In a case of a deadlock between the two Houses of the parliament, the joint sitting is presided over by the-

(a) President

(b) Vice-President

**(c) Speaker of Lok Sabha -Ans**

(d) Member of the Lok Sabha specially selected for the purpose

16. Joint sitting of the two Houses of Parliament are held to-

(a) elect the President of India

(b) elect the Vice-President

(c) adopt a constitution amending Bill

(d) consider and pass a bill on which two Houses disagree-Ans

17. A money bill passed by the Lok Sabha has to be passed by Rajya Sabha within-

**(a) 14 days -Ans**

(b) 21 days

(c) 1 month

(d) 3 months

18. Parliament of India is composed of-

(a) Lok Sabha only

(b) Rajya Sabha only

(c) Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha

**(d) Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha and President-Ans**

19. When can the speaker exercise his right to vote in the House ?

(a) whenever he desires

(b) whenever the House desires

**(c) only in the event of equality of votes -Ans**

(d) whenever his party desires

20. Who presided over the meetings of the Rajya Sabha ?

(a) President

**(b) Vice-President-Ans**

(c) Prime Minister

(d) Speaker

21. Parliament or a State Legislature can declare a seat vacant of a member absents himself without permission from the sessions for-

(a) 30 days

**(b) 60 days-Ans**

(c) 90 days

(d) 120 days

22. Members of the Rajya Sabha are elected according to

- (a) cumulative vote system
- (b) single non-transferable vote system
- (c) single transferable vote system -Ans**
- (d) none of these

23. Which of the following can be abolished but not dissolved ?

- (a) Rajya Sabha
- (b) Municipal Bodies
- (c) State Legislative Council -Ans**
- (d) None of these

24. Which of the following appointment is not made by the President of India ?

- (a) Speaker of Lok Sabha -Ans**
- (b) Chief Justice of India
- (c) Chief of the Air Force
- (d) Chief of the Army

25. The charge of impeachment against the President of India for his removal can be preferred by-

- (a) Rajya Sabha
- (b) Lok Sabha
- (c) Speaker of Lok Sabha and chairman of Rajya Sabha
- (d) Both Houses of Parliament-Ans**

26. Under whose advice the President of India declares emergency under Article 352 ?

- (a) council of ministers
- (b) cabinet-Ans**
- (c) Chief ministers of all states
- (d) Prime Minister

27. The President of India can be removed from his office by the-

- (a) Prime Minister
- (b) Lok Sabha ans**
- (c) Chief Justice of India
- (d) Parliament

28. Which subject was transferred from state list to concurrent list by the 42 nd amendment of the constitution ?

- (a) Agriculture
- (b) Education-Ans**
- (c) Irrigation
- (d) Local self government

29. Who has the constitutional authority to decide tax share of states ?

- (a) Finance Minister
- (b) Finance Commission--Ans**
- (c) Planning Commission
- (d) Union Cabinet

30. For the enforcement of Fundamental Rights, the Supreme Court may issue a/an-

- (a) decree
- (b) ordinance
- (c) notification
- (d) writ-Ans**

31. Which High Court has jurisdiction over the state Arunachal Pradesh ?

- (a) Guwahati -Ans**
- (b) Mumbai
- (c) Kolkata
- (d) Chandigarh

32. Which of the following writs may be issued to enforce a Fundamental Right ?

- (a) Habeas corpus -Ans**
- (b) Mandamus
- (c) Prohibition
- (d) Certiorari

33. Which of the following Articles deals with the Amendment to our constitution ?

- (a) 356
- (b) 368-Ans**
- (c) 370
- (d) 372

34. In India, political parties are given recognition by-

- (a) President
- (b) Law Commission
- (c) Speaker of Lok Sabha
- (d) Election Commission-Ans**

35. The Election Commission does not conduct the elections to the-

- (a) Lok Sabha
- (b) Rajya Sabha
- (c) Local bodies -Ans**
- (d) President's elections

36. Who appoints the Chief Election Commissioner of India ?

- (a) President -Ans**
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Parliament
- (d) Chief Justice of India

37. Who among the following is authorised to declare elections of the Lok Sabha ?

- (a) President -Ans**
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Union Cabinet

(d) Election Commission

38. The Panchayati Raj system was adopted to-

(a) make people aware of politics

**(b) decentralise the power of democracy-Ans**

(c) educate the peasants

(d) none of these

39. Which of the following is a source of income of the Gram Panchayats ?

(a) Income Tax

(b) Sales Tax

(c) Professional Tax

**(d) Levy Duties-Ans**

40. Which of the following states was the Panchayati Raj first introduced ?

**Rajasthan -Ans**

(b) Gujarat

(c) U. P.

(d) Bihar

41. In 1992 in which amendment the historic Panchayati Raj bill was adopted by the Parliament ?

(a) 70th

**(b) 72nd -Ans**

(c) 74th

(d) 68th

42. Which of the following is not a source of revenue to the village panchayats ?

**(a) Property Tax -Ans**

(b) House Tax

(c) Land Tax

(d) Vehicle Tax

43. Which is at the apex of the three-tier system of Panchi Raj ?

(a) Gram Sabha

(b) Gram Panchayat

**(c) Zila Parishad -Ans**

(d) Panchayat Samiti

44. Special representation in Panchayati Raj Institutions given to

(a) Women

(b) Co-operative societies

(c) Backward classes

**(d) All of these-Ans**

45. Which article of the constitution directs the government to organise Village Panchayats-

(a) Art-32

**(b) Art-40-Ans**

- (c) Art-48
- (d) Art-51

46.Planning Commission is a-

**(a) Statutory body -Ans**

- (b) Executive body
- (c) Autonomous body
- (d) None of these

47.Which of the following is not an essential element state-

- (a) Population
- (b) Territory
- (c) Sovereignty

**(d) Democracy-Ans**

48.The only President of India who was elected unopposed is-

- (a) S. Radhakrishnan
- (b) Dr. Zakir Hussain
- (c) Neelam Sanjeeva Reddy -Ans**
- (d) Fakhruddin Ali Ahmad

49. Protection of the interests of the minorities is envisaged in which of the following policies ?

- (a) 14
- (b) 19
- (c) 29 -Ans**
- (d) 32

50.Territorial waters of India extends up to how many nautical miles ?

- (a) 8
- (b) 12-Ans**
- (c) 16
- (d) 22

51.Jaina Hill is located in which of the following Indian State?

- 1Karnataka
- 2Tamil Nadu**
- 3Kerala
- 4Andhra Pradesh

52Which of the following telecom authority has recently given the power to act like a civil court?

Department of Telecommunication(DoT)

**Telecom Regulatory Authority of India(TRAI)Ans:**

Wireless Planning & Coordination (WPC) Wing  
Mahanagar Telephone Nigam Limited (MTNL)

53Recently the Union Government of India has set up NATGRID. It is related to which one of the following?  
Health

### **Intelligence-Ans**

Education

Space

54 The Government of India has recently set up Financial Stability and Development Council (FSDC). It will be headed by which of the followings -

Finance Minister

Economic Advisor to the Prime Minister

**Governor of RBIAns:**

Prime Minister

55 What is the main constituent of a Pearl?

Calcium carbonate only

Calcium sulphate only

**Calcium oxide and calcium sulphate-Ans**

Calcium carbonate and magnesium carbonate

56 Which one among the following will you put in to pure water in order to pass electric current through it?

Mustard oil

Sugar

**Lemon JuiceAns**

Kerosene

57 Gypsum ( $\text{CaSO}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ) is added to clinker during cement manufacturing to

**a decrease the rate of setting of cement-Ans**

bind the particles of calcium silicate

facilitate the formation of colloidal gel

impart strength to cement

58 Which one among the following is not guaranteed by the Constitution of India?

**Freedom to own, acquire and dispose of property anywhere in the country-Ans**

Freedom to move freely throughout the country

Freedom to assemble peacefully without arms

Freedom to practise any trade or profession

59 Which of the following statements is/are correct?

Under the provisions of Article 200 of the Constitution of India, the Governor of a state may:

withhold his assent to a bill passed by the state legislature

reserve the Bill passed by the state legislature for consideration of the President.

return the Bill, other than a money Bill, for reconsideration of the legislature

select the correct answer using the code given below:

1 only

1 and 2 only

2 and 3 only

**1, 2 and 3-Ans**

60 With reference to the conduct of government business in the Parliament of India, the term 'closure' refers



to

the termination of a parliamentary session

suspension of debate at the termination of a day's sitting of the Parliament

**a rule of legislative procedure under which further debate on a motion can be halted-Ans**

refusal on the part of the government to have the opposition look at important document